

Main Concept

- Current effort
- What is needed for REDD+ MRV?



REDD +

Reduction of Deforestation

Reduction of Forest Degradation Conservation of Carbon Stock (FOREST & PEAT LAND)

Sustainable Forest Management

Increasing of Carbon Stock

Reduction of Emissions by Reduce Deforestation and Forest Degradation (CARBON SOURCE) Conservation and enhancement of carbon sequestration
(CARBON SINK)

Emission Monitoring

= PERIODIC MEASUREMENT - INITIAL MEASUREMENT (RL/REL)



AMOUNT OF EMISSIONS REDUCTION

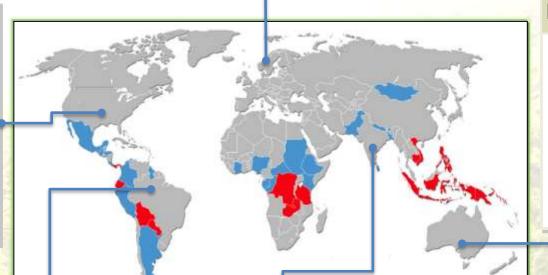


International system on LULUCF Inventory

USA



- Forest Inventory and Analysis (FIA): USDA-FS since 1952
- Natural Resouce Inventory (NRI): USDA-NRCS
- National Land Cover Dataset (NLCD): USGS



NORWAY



- National Forest Inventory (NFI): 11.000 permanent plots with 3x3 km intervals since 1952
- Natinal Land
 Monitoring: Landsat
 image, aerial
 photographs, InSAR and
 LiDAR

BRAZIL



- Prodes : Annual deforestation monitoring
- DETER: Near real-time deforestation monitoring
- DEGRAD : Forest degradation estimation

INDIA



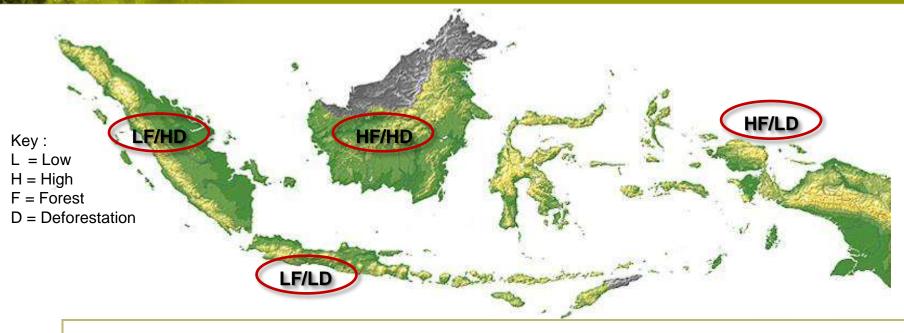
- Forest cover monitoring : Landsat and IRS images
- National Forest Inventory : three classes of forest density
- Forest Fire Early Detection: Modis image

AUSTRALIA



- National Carbon
 Accounting System
 (NCAS):
 - Ecosystem model
 FullCAM (satellite image, climate, soil type, land management database)

Indonesia's characteristics challenges

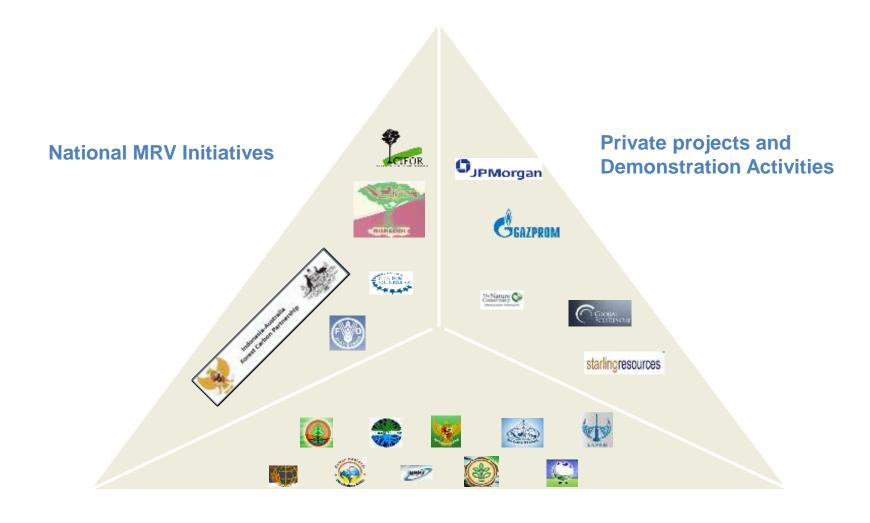


Challenges

- Potential solutions

- Geo-biodiversity characteristics in three Eco-regions (Sundaland, Wallacea, Sahul)
- Persistent cloud cover especially in densely forested area
- Diversity of deforestation rates and degradation rates for forests in each sub-national region (e.g. the historical deforestation rate in Riau is different from that of Papua or West Kalimantan)
- National approach with sub-national implementation :
 - Nested Approach (Open an preliminary initiative via sub-national activities and incrementally move towards a National approach)
 - Scalable Approach (Scaled measurements from the nasional to sub-nasional level using a standardized system)
- Data integration using administrative borders (e.g. regency and province borders) or natural borders (e.g. watershed borders, ecoregions, land systems, etc)

- Main Concept
- Current effort
- What is needed for REDD+ MRV?



Government institutions

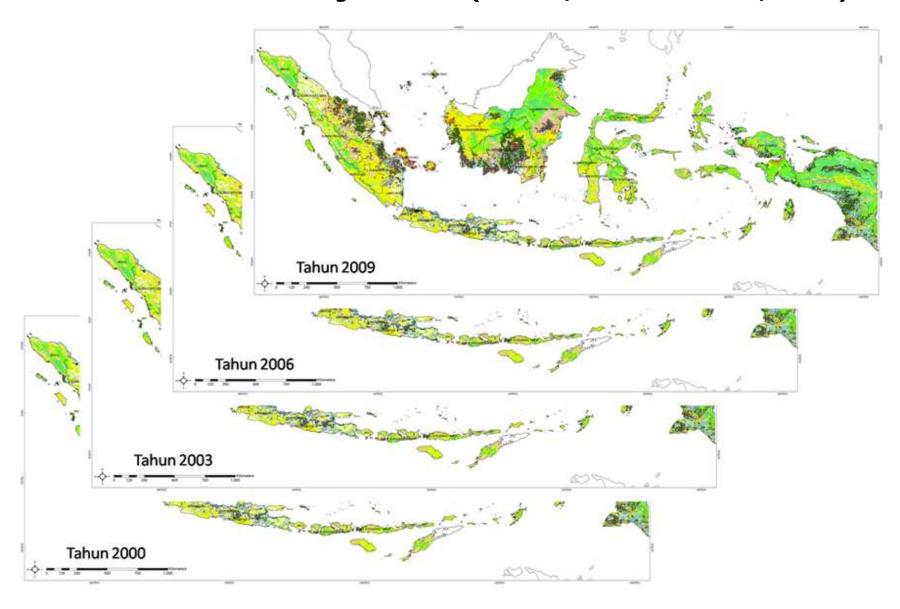
MRV capabilities are currently scattered between several ministries

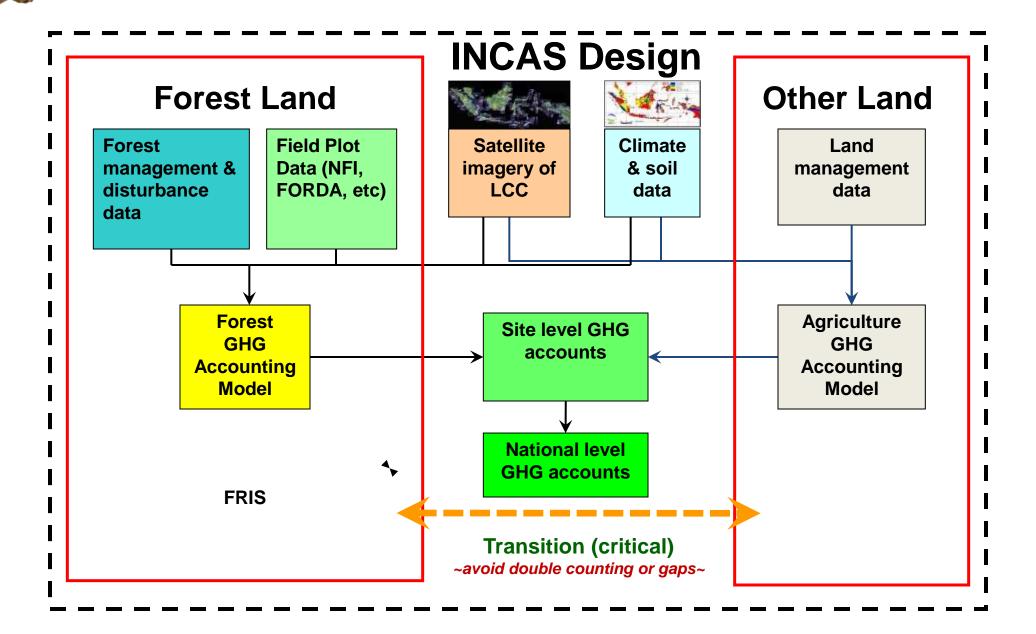
✓ Implementing capabilities

PRELIMINARY AND NON-EXHAUSTIVE

	Ministry of Forestry			KLH 🌼			Lapan MoA		Bakos- urtanal	DNPI 🎡	BPN 🌉	ESDM 🙆
Tasks/Department	International relationship	Forest production	Forest protection and natural conservation	Land rehabilitation and social forestry degradation and climate change control	Degradatino and climante change control	International relations	Remote sensing	Soil research institute	All agencies (base- line services)	All agencies	All agencies	Badan Geology
 Land use/land use char 	ige	*	/						✓		✓	
 Land cover/land cover of 	hange	V	/		✓		✓		✓			
Biomass above ground		V	/									
Biomass below ground								√				
Dead wood		v	/					✓				
Litter		•	/					√				
Soil/peat					√			√				✓
Forest conservation			√									
 Carbon enhancement 				√								
• SFM		√										
 Inventory compilation 		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	/									
REDD+ projects												
International												
 Domestic 								-	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Donor	<u>/</u>	<u>.</u>					-	*	"	<u>*</u>		

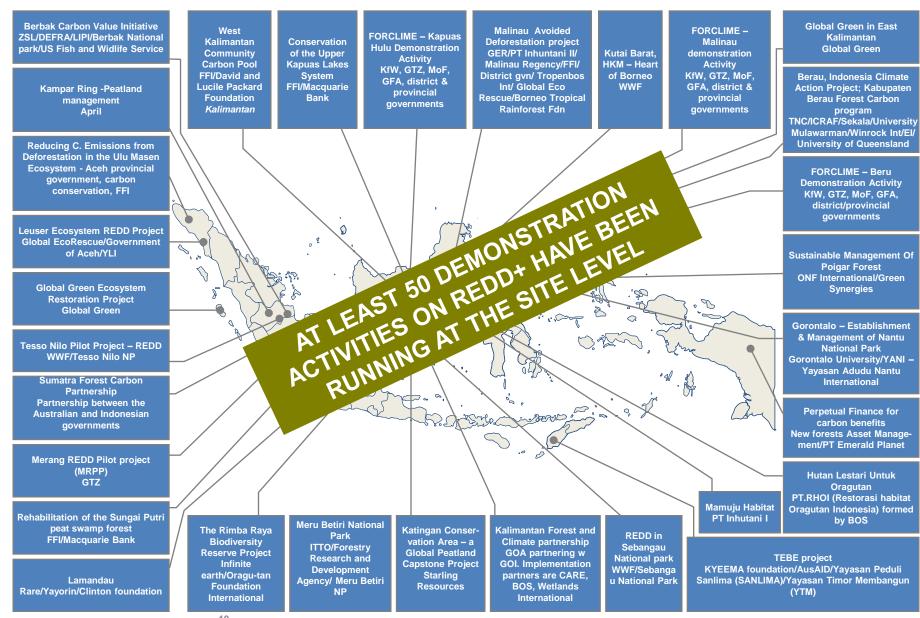
FRM at National and Regional Level (Landsat/30 m and MODIS/250 m)





Demostration Activities of REDD+: MRV initiative at site level

SATGAS PERSIAPAN KELEMBAGAAN REDD+



Note: This map was produced by CIFOR and North carolina State Univeristy. Contributors – Stibniati Atmadja, Liwei Lin, Erin Myers, Daju Resosudarmo, Agus Salim, Ratih Septivita, Erin Sills. Contact person – Stibniati Atmadja, s.atmadja@cgiar.org. last updated – March 2010

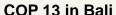
2007

2008

2009

Jan 2010

May 2010



- Indonesia pushed forest as the priority agenda
- Paradigm shift: economic value of standing forest



National Climate Change Council (DNPI)

- Agency mandate
 - Generates policy
 - Coordinates climate change control efforts



Aceh: forest moratorium

 Aceh started implementing moratorium on its forest



G20 summit, 26/41 targets

- Targets announced
 - Commitment to 26% emission reduction
 - Commitment to 41% reduction with international support



Copenhagen Accord on REDD+

- Indonesia signs Accord
 - Prioritize deforestation
 - Elevate financing goals



Indonesia-Norway Partnership

LOI signed

- Aligns with Indonesia policy and goals
- Supports infrastructure and implementation



Provincial REDD+ initiatives

- REDD+ working groups
 - Aceh
 - West Kalimantan
 - Central Kalimantan
 - East Kalimantan
 - Papua
 - West Papua
 - Riau
- Except Riau, all of above is part of global-level GCF



Provincial Low Carbon Growth Plans

- Low carbon growth plans have been developed at province level with DNPI, e.g.
 - Kalteng
 - Kaltim
 - Jambi



REDD+ Task Force established

 Presidential Decree signed to mandate the creation of a taskforce to prepare REDD+ infrastructure



Strategy and Implementation Plan for MRV REDD+

Purpose

As a reference for Nationally Appropriate Mitigation Actions (NAMAs) which are connected with the land based sector (LULUCF)

Scope

Measure, report and verify activities and emissions that are caused by the following:

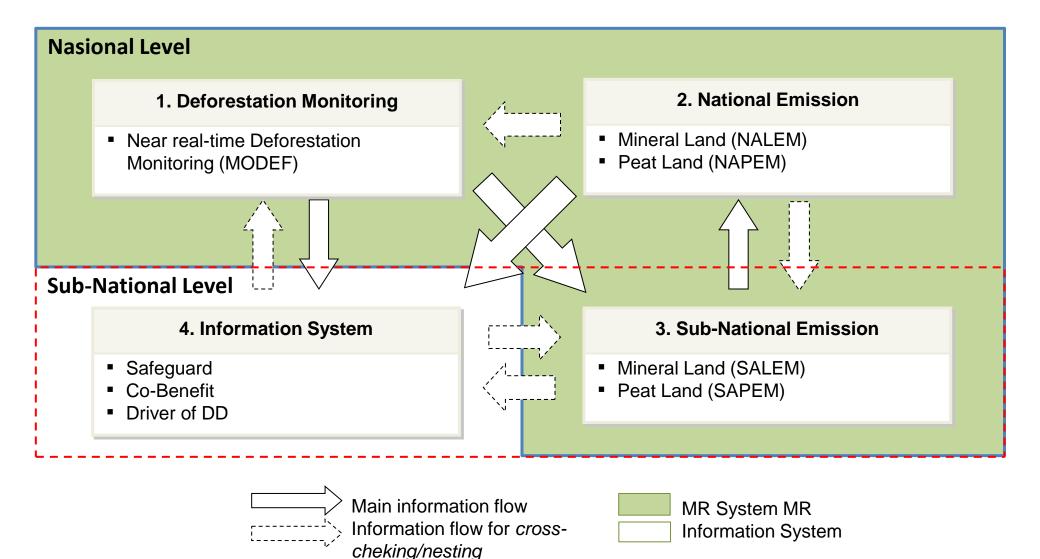
- 1. Deforestation
- 2. Forest degradation
- 3. Carbon stock conservation
- 4. Sustainable forest management
- 5. Increasing carbon stock
- 6. Peat Land management

Concepts of the MRV system

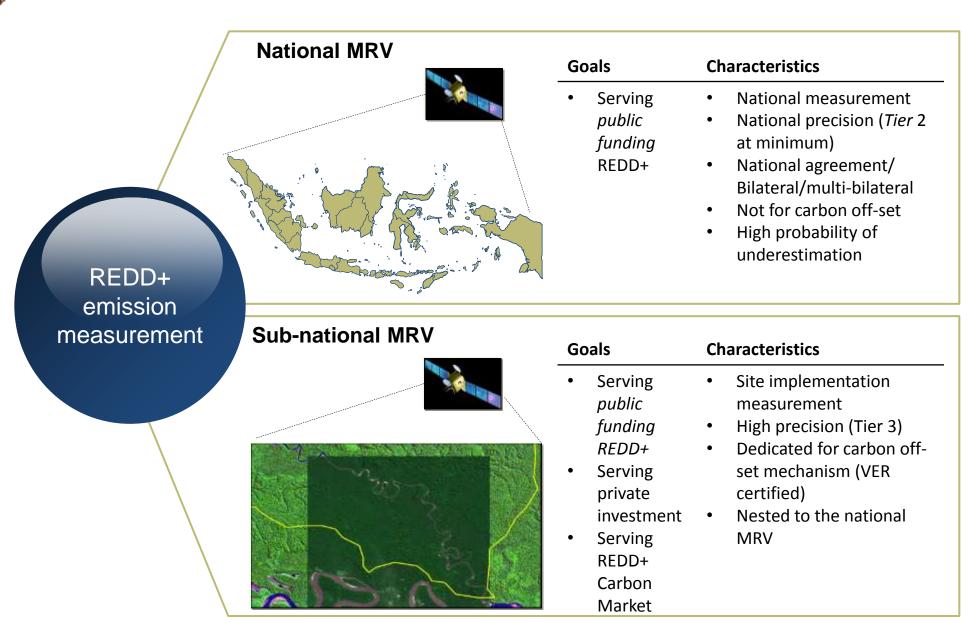
- National Deforestation Monitoring (MODEF)
 - Conduct near real-time monitoring of deforestation in order to identify regions with high unplanned deforestation.
- Monitoring of Land Based Emissions
 - Measuring land based emissions comply to the IPCC standard
 - National level (NALEM)
 - Conducted every 2 years
 - Sub-national level (ILEM)
 - Using a higher level of precision
 - Conducted every 2 years

Monitoring of Peat Land Emissions

- Measurement of emissions from peat lands
 - National level (NAPEM)
 - Conducted every 2 years
 - Sub-nasional level (IPEM)
 - Using a higher level of precision
 - Conducted every 2 years
- Safeguards Information System
 - Designing an information system for information transparency regarding safeguards



MRV REDD+: National Approach With Sub-National Implementation

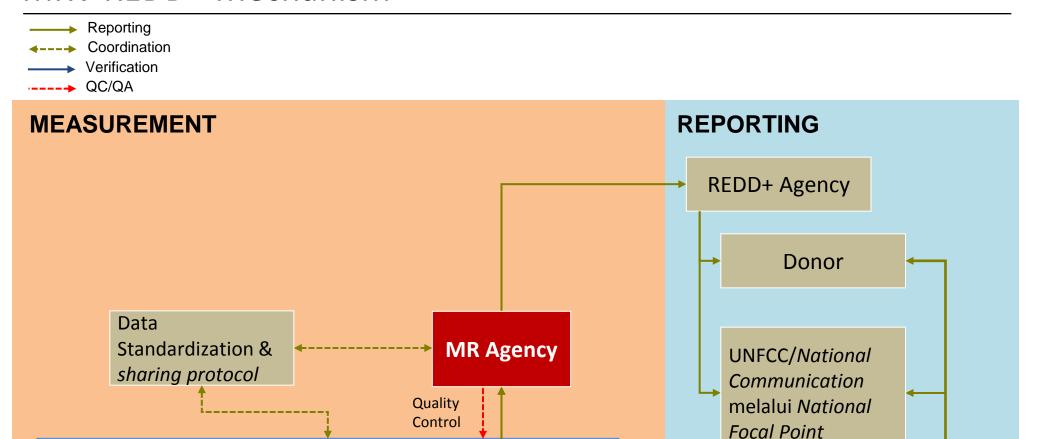


MRV REDD+ Mechanism

NALEM

/NAPEM

MODEF



Safeguard

Information

System

VERIFICATION

Quality Assurance Independent

verifier

Independent institution

SALEM/

SAPEM

- Main Concept
- Current effort
- What is needed for REDD+ MRV?

Data and methodology

- Tailored to national circumstances
- Cost effective
- Continuous improvement
- Data Aggregation

MRV Mechanism

- Institutional arrangement at national and sub-national levels
- Policy and regulation
- Capacity building

